

School of Computing, Engineering & the Built Environment

Human-Centred Careers Chatbot Design

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PhD Context

- Funded by SDS & SGSSS
- Supervisor-led proposal:
 - 'Natural language interfaces to support career decisionmaking of young people'
 - David Brazier Information Science
 - Dimitra Gkatzia Dialogue Systems
 - Pete Robertson Career Development
- SDS Sponsor Sandra Oribine (Cheyne)
- My Background:
 - Humanities
 - Business Information Technology
 - Enterprise Data Governance
 - Social Science of Technology

Skills Development **Scotland**



Sgoil Cheumnaichean Saidheans Sòisealta na h-Alba

School of Computing, Edinburgh Napier Engineering & the Research Context **Built Environment** UNIVERSITY Economic Context Context Career Careers Young Development Advisers Person Policy Strengths Psychology Economics Information Content Dialogue Style Policy & Funding Careers System Service Values Multi-Ethics, agency Harms & Counselling Bias • Zimmerman, J., & Forlizzi, J. (2014) • The Scottish Approach to Service Design (2019)



Conversation Design

Conversation Design

- Teaching
- Ordinary
- Service
- Counselling

Career Interventions

- Education
- Information
- Advice
- Guidance

Moore RJ & Arar R Conversational UX Design: A practitioner's guide (2019)





- Accuracy & Agency
- Dependency & De-skilling
- Bias & Fairness
- Privacy & Security
- Supply Chain Ethics
- Environmental Impacts



FOMO IS NOT A STRATEGY AI FOR 8 BILLION PEOPLE, NOT 8 BILLIONAIRES

Rachél Coldicutt: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BvTXkEDWmR4 or https://aigovernance.co.uk/we-need-to-ensure-artificial-intelligence-benefits-8-billion-people-not-just-8-billionaires/

Problem Statement



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Built Environment

Context

Chat
Style

Content

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What would be a useful role for a chatbot in

SDS's services for young people





Delphi Study Method

- Panel of Experts
- Multiple rounds of surveys
- Results of previous round included
- Anonymous

What



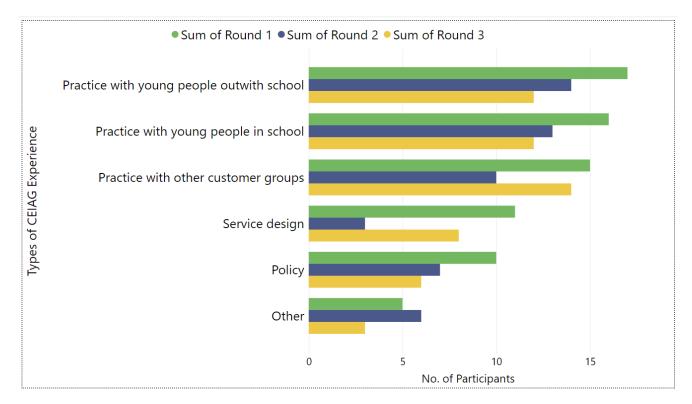
Build Consensus

- Mitigate prestige/ power
- Analysis is refined, rejected or validated

Why



The Panel

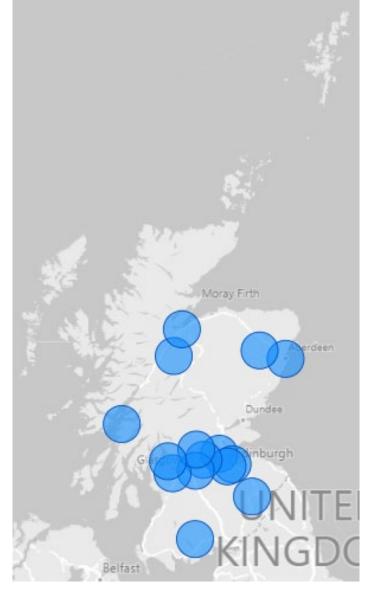


NO. OF PARTICIPANTS			
ROUND 1	23		
ROUND 2	22		
ROUND 3	20		

YEARS OF EXPERIENCE	RD 1	RD 2	RD 3
Average	13	15	17
Min	3	3	3
Max	31	31	32



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Delphi Study Design



Qualitative Data

Results

5 point Design Free text Round 1 Agreement Fictions comments scale 4 point Opinion Quotes from Free text Round 2 Agreement Rd 1 results comments Scale Data Type Validated & Requirement Agree / Round 3 Refined Opinion Statements Disagree Scales Requirements

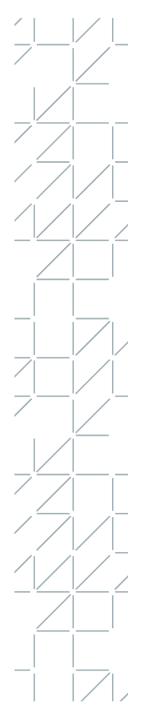




- The chatbot should support young people to **navigate information** in a way that encourages **curiosity and exploration**.
- The chatbot should be thoroughly **tested** to ensure it **meets the needs of young people** using it as an **independent self-service route** to access support.
 - The chatbot should ensure that the **range of information** presented is broad enough to encourage users to **explore their options further**.



Savickas, Mark L., and Erik J. Porfeli. 'Career Adapt-Abilities Scale: Construction, Reliability, and Measurement Equivalence across 13 Countries'. *Journal of Vocational Behavior* 80, no. 3 (June 2012): 661–73.



Results: Edinburgh No. 1001/15 Integration with Existing Services

- Edinburgh Napier
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- The chatbot should ensure that all users are aware of how to access other sources of support from partner organisation (e.g. Helpline, appointment with careers adviser).
- The chatbot should function well as a tool for independent use. It should not require significant changes to existing services in order for potential benefits to be realised for young people.
- Users should be made aware of alternative sources of support, and how to access them before any potentially overwhelming responses are provided.
- The chatbot should be tested with young people to determine the appropriate volume and complexity of information to be included in chatbot responses.





Results: Integrity

- Ensuring that users understand the scope and limitations of the chatbot is important for aligning with the partner organisation's approach to career support.
- Customisation of responses should be based on high level, non-sensitive information provided by users during the conversation only. (For example: whether user is in school/unemployed/college etc; non-specific location).
- The chatbot should focus on guiding users through **existing SDS-managed information**, but it may be appropriate to direct users to **carefully selected external sources** where required.

Wizard of Oz Study







- Scottish people aged 16-21
- Measure career curiosity
- Identify topics of interest
- Outline plan for conversation
 - Information / links
 - Conversation patterns

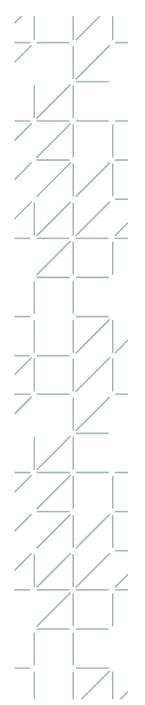


Testing

- 'Wizard' pretending to be chatbot
- Try range of conversation patterns
- General feedback on experience
- Measure career curiosity



- Feedback from SDS Experts / Delphi Panel
- Identify conversation styles that users & experts like
- Identify conversation designs that increase curiosity



Headlines



Task Selection by Career Experts (Delphi Study)

 Chatbot should support young people to navigate information in a way that encourages curiosity and exploration.

Conversation Design with Young People (Wizard of Oz study)

- Test different conversation styles
- Career-Adaptabilities Scale
- User experience feedback

Career Expert Validation (current work)

 Review transcripts against requirements developed by panel during the Delphi Study



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Thank you!





Selected References



- Rachel Coldicutt: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BvTXkEDWmR4 or https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BvTXkEDWmR4 or https://aigovernance.co.uk/we-need-to-ensure-artificial-intelligence-benefits-8-billion-people-not-just-8-billionaires/
- Birhane, Abeba, William Isaac, Vinodkumar Prabhakaran, Mark Diaz, Madeleine Clare Elish, Iason Gabriel, and Shakir Mohamed. 'Power to the People? Opportunities and Challenges for Participatory Al'. In *EAAMO '22: Equity and Access in Algorithms, Mechanisms, and Optimization*. Association for Computing Machinery, 2022.
- Dahlbäck, N., Jönsson, A., & Ahrenberg, L. (1993). Wizard of Oz studies—Why and how. *Knowledge-Based Systems*, *6*(4), 258–266.
- Linstone, H. A., & Turoff, M. (1975/2002). *The Delphi Method: Techniques and Applications*.
- Moore, R. J., & Arar, R. (2019). *Conversational UX Design: A Practitioner's Guide to the Natural Conversation Framework*. Association for Computing Machinery.
- Sambasivan, Nithya, and Rajesh Veeraraghavan. 'The Deskilling of Domain Expertise in Al Development'. Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems - Proceedings, 2022.
- Savickas, Mark L., and Erik J. Porfeli. 'Career Adapt-Abilities Scale: Construction, Reliability, and Measurement Equivalence across 13 Countries'. *Journal of Vocational Behavior* 80, no. 3 (June 2012): 661–73.
- Scottish Government. (2019). *The Scottish Approach to Service Design How to design services for and with users*.
- Zimmerman, J., & Forlizzi, J. (2014). Research through design in HCI. In *Ways of Knowing in HCI* (pp. 167–189). Springer, New York, NY.